Cross-sectoral guidance in rural areas: CASE Settlement of Lievestuore (NGO)

ESF Equal initiative Operation Work project (2002 - 2005) OWi Mainstreaming (1.5.2005-31.5.2006)

Our partners: City of Pargas, Municipality of Kinnula, Music cafe After Eight (NGO), University of Jyväskylä.

Internatinonal partners from Spain, Sweden and Ireland.



Settlement of Lievestuore (NGO)

- -10 years' experience of ESF initiatives for employment...
- Local work "for people with people" since 1946
- Lievestuore is a village (3 000 inhabitants) in Laukaa municipality (20 000 inhabitants) - just outside Jyväskylä



OWi cross-sectoral guidance model

Our goal was to develop:

• guidance service for small municipalities, where official services for unemployed people are limited **Our service model includes:**

•Guidance to reach education and better chances to improve vocational skills

•Main point is to coordinate the "net of services" that the client is tied to.

•Key issues: client oriented, voluntary participation, cooperation, cross sectoral actions, empowerment, open dialog



Guidance needed when:

- No vocational education
- Housewifes: children are growing up
- Vocational education is "out of date"
- Health problems limit the possibilities in labour market
- No work available after losing one's job
- History of short employments vicious circle of supported employment







Guidance needed when:

Especially young unemployed:

- Broken school history:No vocational training or dropping out of studies
- No work despite of vocational studies
- Need for special vocational education: learning problems, disabilities...
- -Need for rehabilitation
- -Lack of social skills, independence, parental support.



Key questions in cross-sectoral guidance

- How information is shared between the services?
- Are we all (client, authorities...) heading into the same direction and solution ?
- Project view: What happens to the client when the project ends?
- In Finland: How to avoid income traps in adult vocational education?
- Are we co-operating or just dividing the tasks?

CROSS-SECTORAL LEARNING METHOD

- •Main goal: to develop client based service prosesses
- •Open dialog: Mutual learning
- •How project is connected to local service systems
- •Project coordinates, makes memos, arrange cross sectoral workshops.
- •Challenge to commit to the developing process.
- •Client cases as working tool.
- •Needs a lot of talking face to face!



Lessons learned

•Cross-sectoral guidance is essentially important.

•Service systems have become so complicated, that co-operation is needed to avoid bigger problems.

•People talk too little to each other, especially authorities.

•Locality should not be forgotten when developing the services

Lessons learned

THIRD SECTOR PROJECT (NGO) AS A DEVELOPER + in enough, out enough

- easy to forget

Not easy to step into the field of authorities:

"What consern of yours is this, howcome is this your business?"

Demands time and efforts to discuss also at a political level

NGO as a service provider is difficult because of the competition regulations



Mainstreaming is a challenge

- Main point is: a project should not be filling the gaps in the social services

- Project should be used as a developing process
- Employment project can not work alone separately from the existing welfare system

The ministries and administration should be more interested in what the ESF -projects do and what they achieve. Until now it seems that project results have not been put to use at national level



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